## **Rash Illness Information**

Illness	Rash Description	Other Symptoms	Agent	Period of Communicability	Exclusion/Attendance
Chickenpox	<ul> <li>Rash begins on face and trunk and progresses to extremities where it is most concentrated</li> <li>Lesions progress from flat to raised and become a vesicle before crusting; several stages are present at the same time</li> <li>Vesicles are very itchy</li> </ul>	Low-grade fever and malaise	Herpes Zoster virus	Up to 5 days prior to onset of rash until lesions have crusted over (usually 7 days)	Exclude from school and public gatherings until vesicles become dry.
Fifth Disease (erythema infectiosum)	<ul> <li>Rash begins as a slapped-cheek appearance with warmth to the cheeks that may disappear before progresses to the trunk, extremities and feet</li> <li>Flat and raised red rash that appears "lace-like"</li> <li>Rash may be itchy</li> </ul>	Low-grade fever, malaise and mild cold symptoms	Human parvovirus (B-19)	7 days prior to onset of rash	Recommend exclusion if fever is present, individual is no longer contagious after appearance of rash  Pregnant women with illness or exposure need to seek medical advice
Hand/Foot and Mouth Disease (vesicular stomatitis with exanthema)	<ul> <li>Rash begins as small red spots that blister and become ulcers on the tongue, gums and inside of cheeks and progresses to a rash that is located on the palms of hands, soles of feet and appear on the buttocks and genitalia.</li> <li>Flat and raised red spots that may form blisters</li> <li>No itch – oral lesions can be very painful</li> </ul>	Low-grade fever, sore throat and malaise prior to onset of rash	Enteroviruses	Acute stage of illness and possibly longer – virus is shed in the stool	Recommend exclusion during first 2-3 days of acute illness. May consider exclusion for those with oral blisters who drool or have lesions on hands that are weeping.